

Phase 2
VISIONARY-MS
STUDY

Long-Term Open Label Extension

In Stable RMS Participants with Chronic Optic Neuropathy

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On behalf of the VISIONARY-MS Investigators

Disclosures

- The University of Sydney received industry standard financial renumeration as a clinical trial site
- I am a consulting research director for Sydney Neuroimaging Analysis Centre (SNAC), which was contracted to analyse blinded MRI and VEP data
- I am a consulting physician to RxPx Cor
- I have received institutional support for research from Biogen, Merck, Novartis, Roche, BMS, and Sanofi Genzyme
- I have received institutional support for speaking, participation in advisory boards or consulting from Biogen, Merck, Novartis, Roche, BMS, Sanofi Genzyme and Autobahn Therapeutics

Treatment and Participant Disposition in the Long-Term Extension

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**CNM-Au8 30mg
Oral Suspension**



Clean Surfaced,
Highly Faceted Nanocrystals

**Cellular Energetic
Nanocatalyst:**
Mitochondrial Support
& Increased Energetic
Capacity
in Neurons and Glia

Randomized
n=73

Eligible for LTE
n=69

Enrolled in LTE
n=55 (80%)

Treatment
duration for
up to 3-years

Original CNM-Au8 to
CNM-Au8 LTE
n=41 (87%)

CNM-Au8 30mg LTE
mITT (n=35)

Original Placebo to
CNM-Au8 LTE
n=14 (63%)

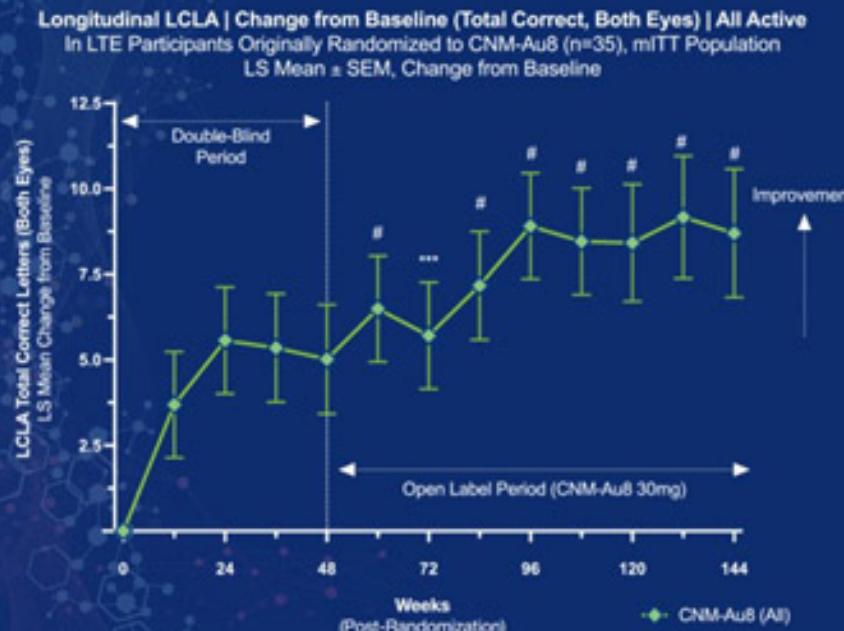
Ex-Placebo to
CNM-Au8 30mg LTE
mITT (n=11)

Clinical Results | Long-Term LCLA Improvement

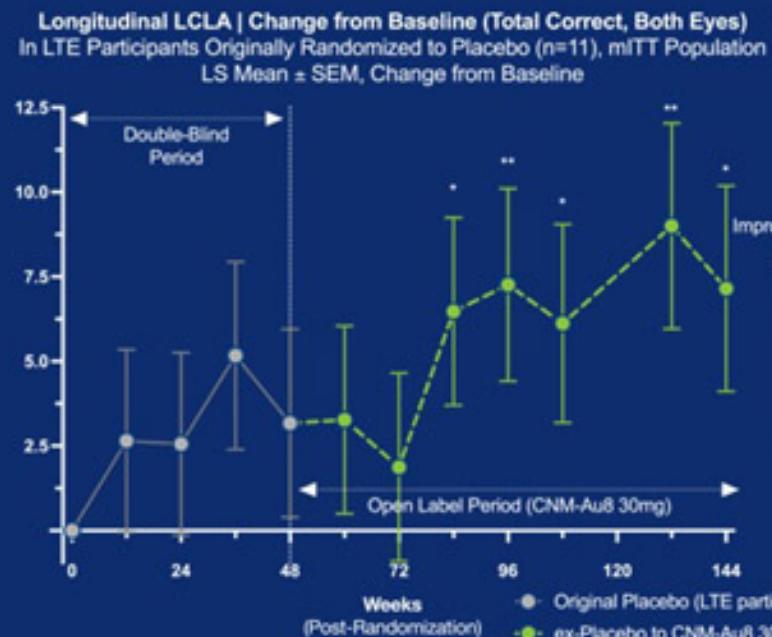
Low Contrast Letter Acuity (Original Double-Blind Primary Endpoint)

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Original CNM-Au8



Ex-Placebo to CNM-Au8



MMRM accounts for missing data; all visits with $\geq 60\%$ participant values are graphed.

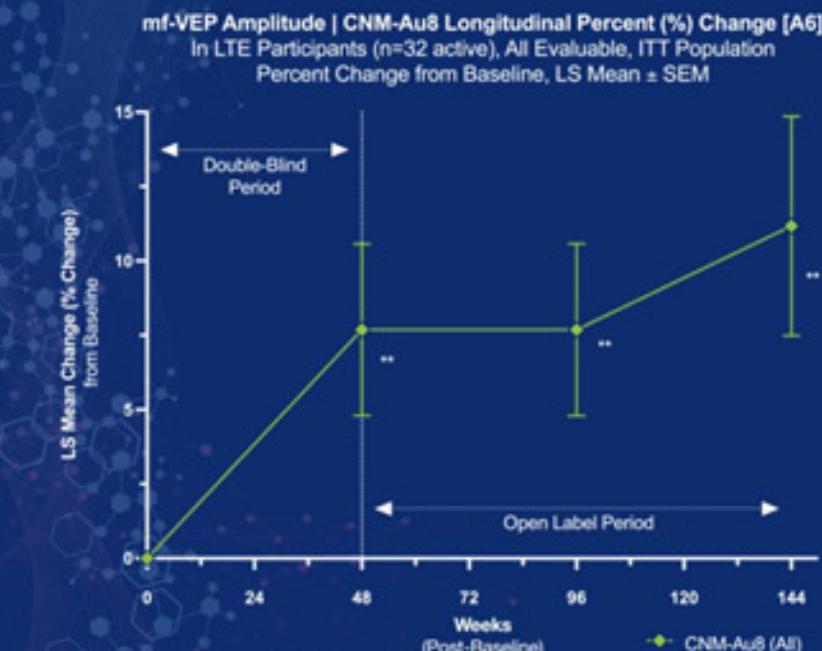
LTE: LS mean difference vs. randomization baseline: # $p \leq 0.0001$, *** $p \leq 0.001$, ** $p \leq 0.01$, * $p \leq 0.05$

Multi-Focal VEP | Long-Term Amplitude Improvement

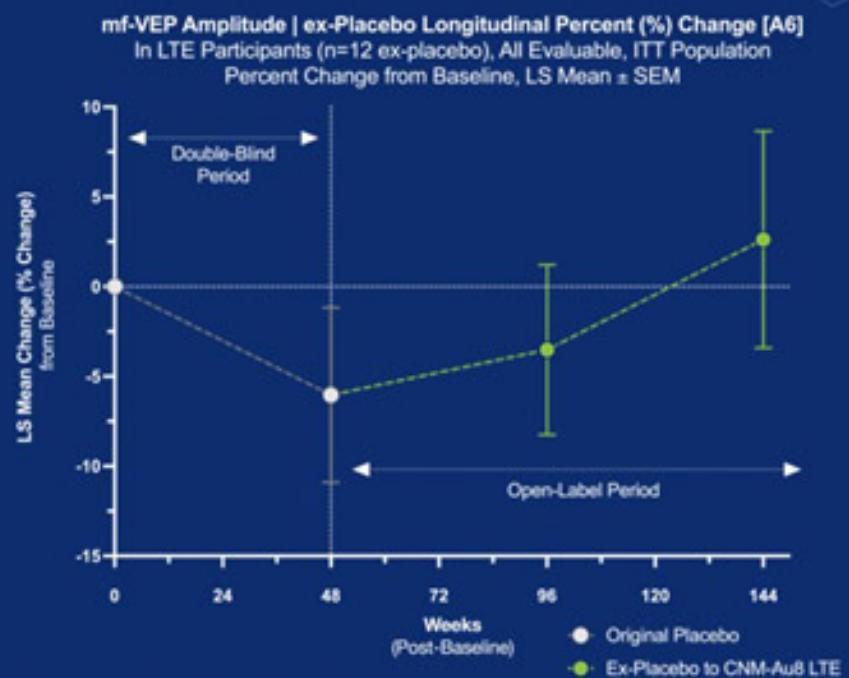
Visual Pathway Signal Strength

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Original CNM-Au8



Ex-Placebo to CNM-Au8



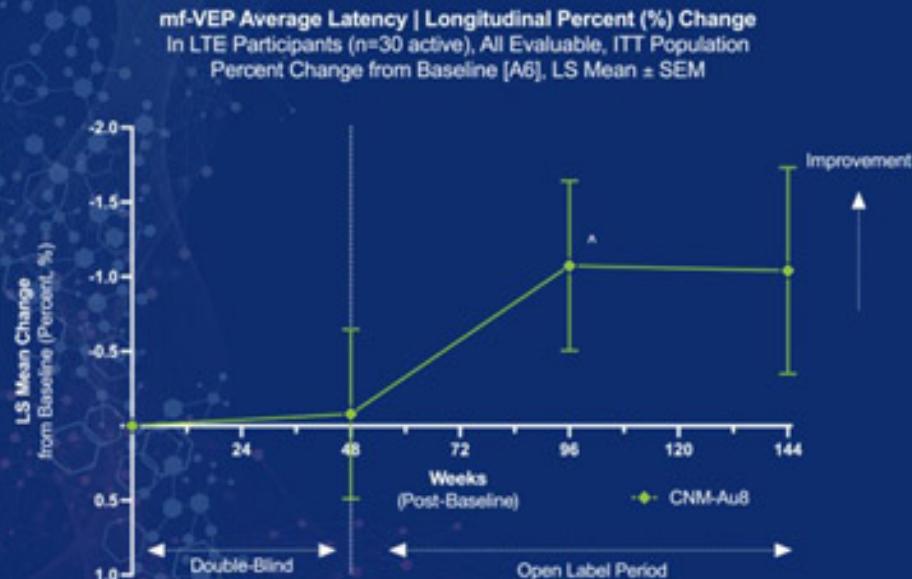
LTE: LS mean difference vs. randomization baseline: # p<0.0001, *** p<0.001, ** p<0.01, *p<0.05
VEP: Visual Evoked Potential

Multi-Focal VEP | Long-Term Latency Improvement

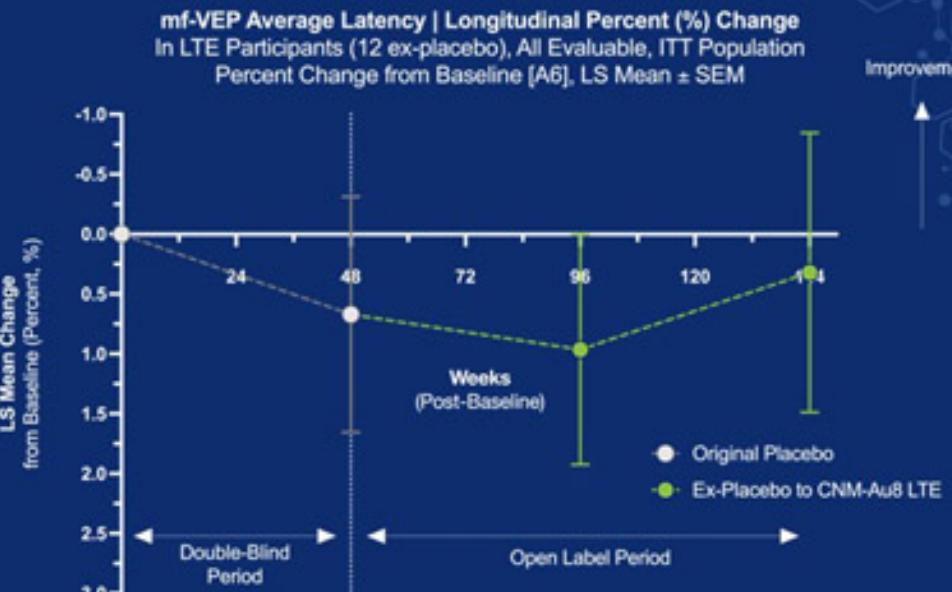
Visual Pathway Conduction Velocity

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Ex-Placebo to CNM-Au8



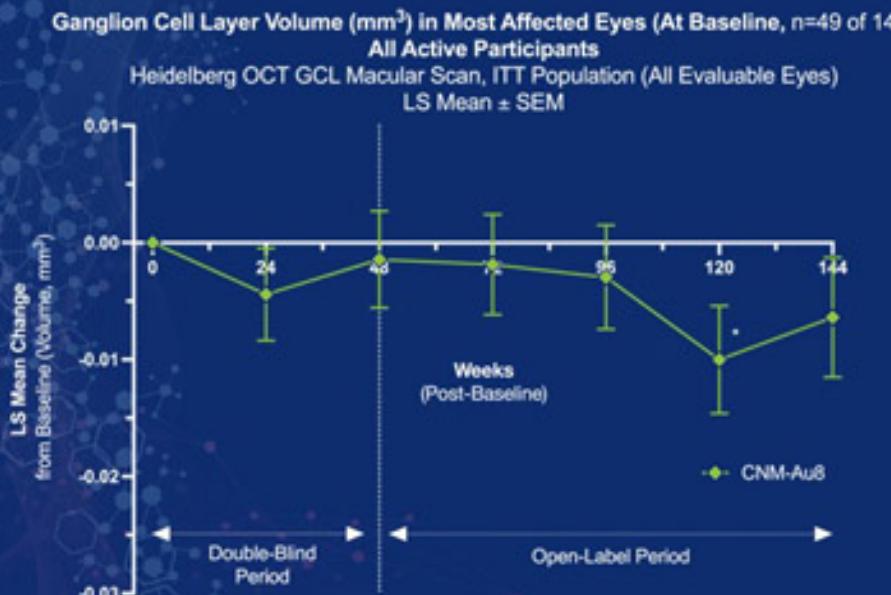
LTE: LS mean difference vs. randomization baseline: # p<0.0001, *** p<0.001, ** p<0.01, *p<0.05, *p<0.10

OCT | Long-Term Ganglion Cell Layer Preservation

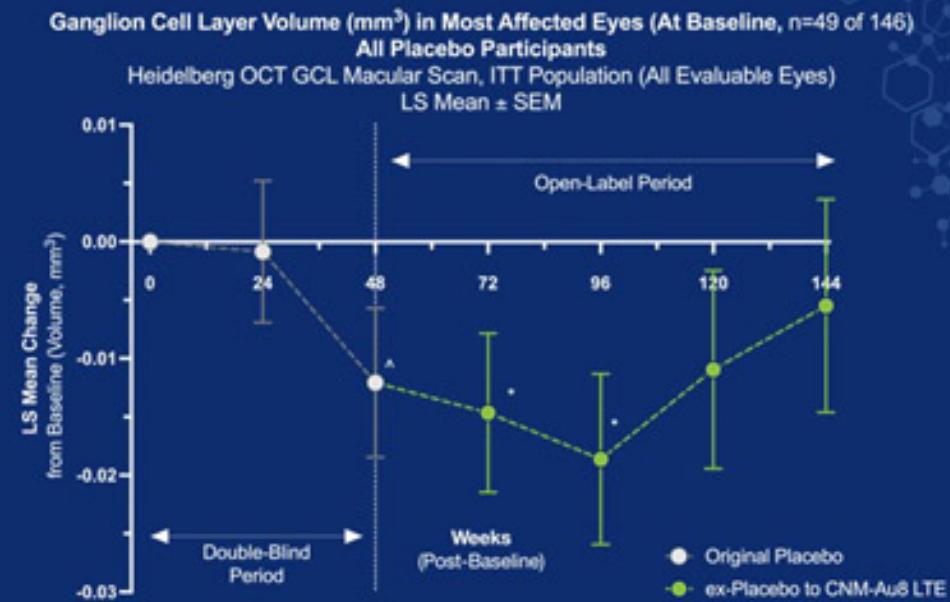
GCL Volume Change in the Most Affected Eyes at Baseline

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Ex-Placebo to CNM-Au8



LTE: LS mean difference vs. randomization baseline: # p≤0.0001, *** p≤0.001, ** p≤0.01, *p≤0.05, ^p≤0.10;

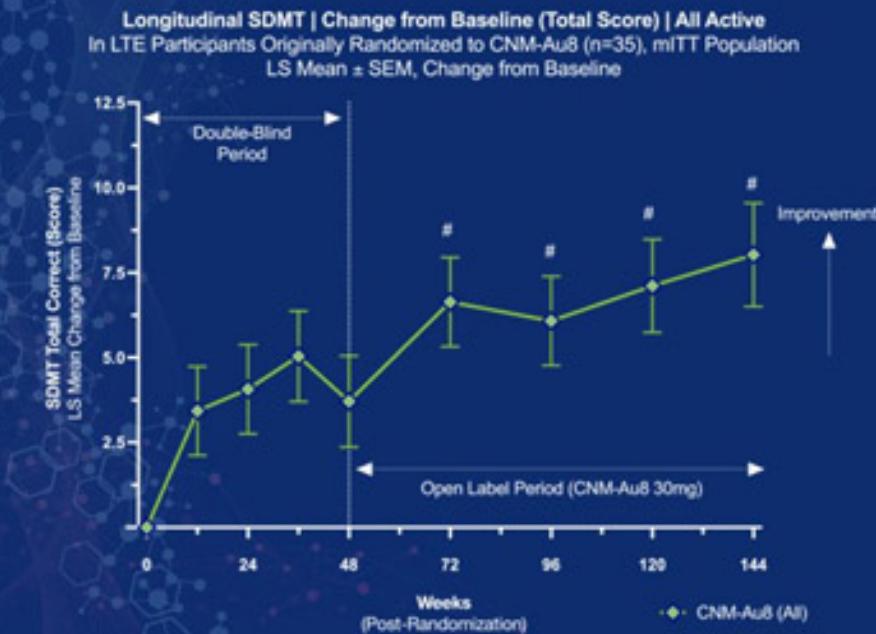
Most affected eyes defined as ≤25% percentile distribution at baseline or with inter-eye RNFL difference ≥6 μm or GCL difference of ≥4 μm (worst eye) – post hoc

Clinical Results | Long-Term SDMT Improvement

Working Memory and Cognition (Original Exploratory Endpoint)

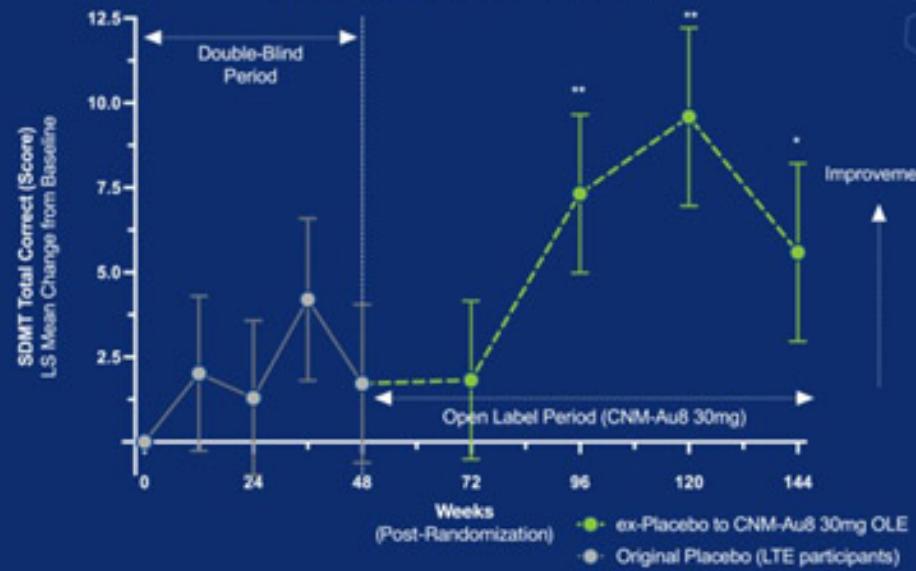
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Original CNM-Au8



Ex-Placebo to CNM-Au8

Longitudinal SDMT | Change from Baseline (Total Score)
In LTE Participants Originally Randomized to Placebo (n=11), mITT Population
LS Mean \pm SEM, Change from Baseline



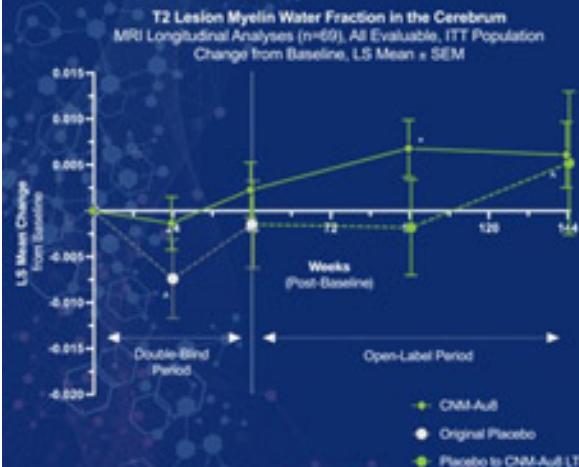
LTE: LS mean difference vs. randomization baseline: # p<0.0001, *** p<0.001, ** p<0.01, *p<0.05

MRI DTI | Evidence for Remyelination and Axonal Integrity

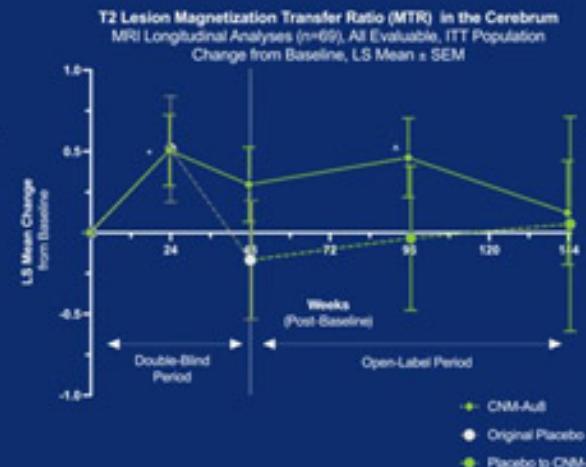
Diffusion Tensor Imaging | T2 Lesion Axial Diffusivity and Myelination Metrics

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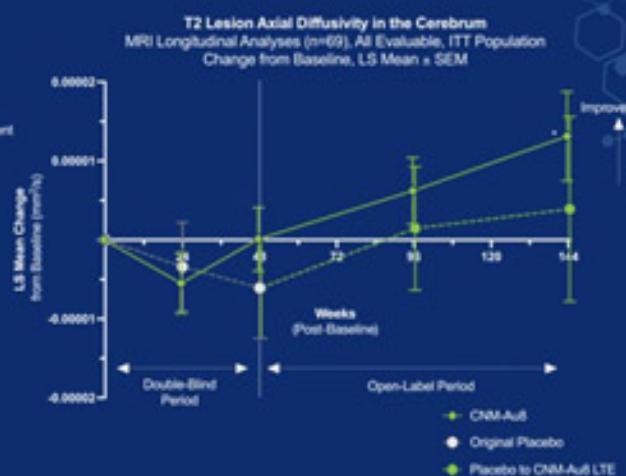
T2 Lesion MWF In the Cerebrum



T2 Lesion MTR In the Cerebrum



T2 Lesion Axial Diffusivity In the Cerebrum



LTE: LS mean difference vs. randomization baseline: # p≤0.0001, *** p≤0.001, ** p≤0.01, *p≤0.05, .p≤0.10
MWF: Myelin Water Fraction, MTR: Magnetization Transfer Ratio

CNM-Au8 Safety

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CNM-Au8 treatment was safe and well-tolerated during the LTE

- Treatment emergent adverse events (TEAEs) were transient and predominantly mild-to-moderate
- 6 SAEs were reported over 82.9 years of cumulative participant follow-up including:
(2) nephrolithiasis, (1) non-ST elevation myocardial infarction, (1) diverticulitis, (1) neutropenia, and
(1) pneumonia; all resolved and were assessed as not related to CNM-Au8
- No dose limiting adverse events; average daily treatment compliance was 94%
(bottles consumed/dispensed)

Most Common TEAEs (From Randomization to End of LTE) In LTE Participants	Participants with TEAEs	Total TEAEs from Randomization	Events per 100- person exposure years	Poisson 95% CI
Upper Respiratory Tract Infection	31	42	0.079	0.057 – 0.107
Headache	20	24	0.045	0.029 – 0.069
Urinary Tract Infection	11	19	0.036	0.022 – 0.056